

Lipid nanocapsule hydrogel: a glioblastoma targeted, local and sustained drug delivery system

Marion Sicot, Elia Bozzato, Claire Gazaille, Umer Farooq, Adélie Mellinger,

Patrick Saulnier, Joël Eyer, Véronique Préat, Guillaume Bastiat

▶ To cite this version:

Marion Sicot, Elia Bozzato, Claire Gazaille, Umer Farooq, Adélie Mellinger, et al.. Lipid nanocapsule hydrogel: a glioblastoma targeted, local and sustained drug delivery system. Journées de recherche biomédicale Angers-Tours 2021, Dec 2021, Angers, France. hal-03482755

HAL Id: hal-03482755 https://univ-angers.hal.science/hal-03482755v1

Submitted on 16 Dec 2021

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.





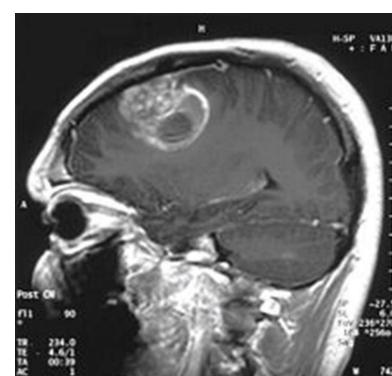


Institut national a santé et de la recherche médicale



Lipid nanocapsule hydrogel: a glioblastoma-targeted, local and sustained drug delivery system

Marion Sicot¹, Elia Bozzato², Claire Gazaille¹, Umer Farooq¹, Adélie Mellinger¹, Patrick Saulnier¹, Joël Eyer¹, Véronique Préat², and Guillaume Bastiat^{1*} ¹ UNIV Angers, INSERM 1066, CNRS 6021, MINT, Angers, France. ² Univ Louvain, Louvain Drug Research Institute, Advanced Drug Delivery and Biomaterials, Brussels, Belgium *guillaume.bastiat@univ-angers.fr



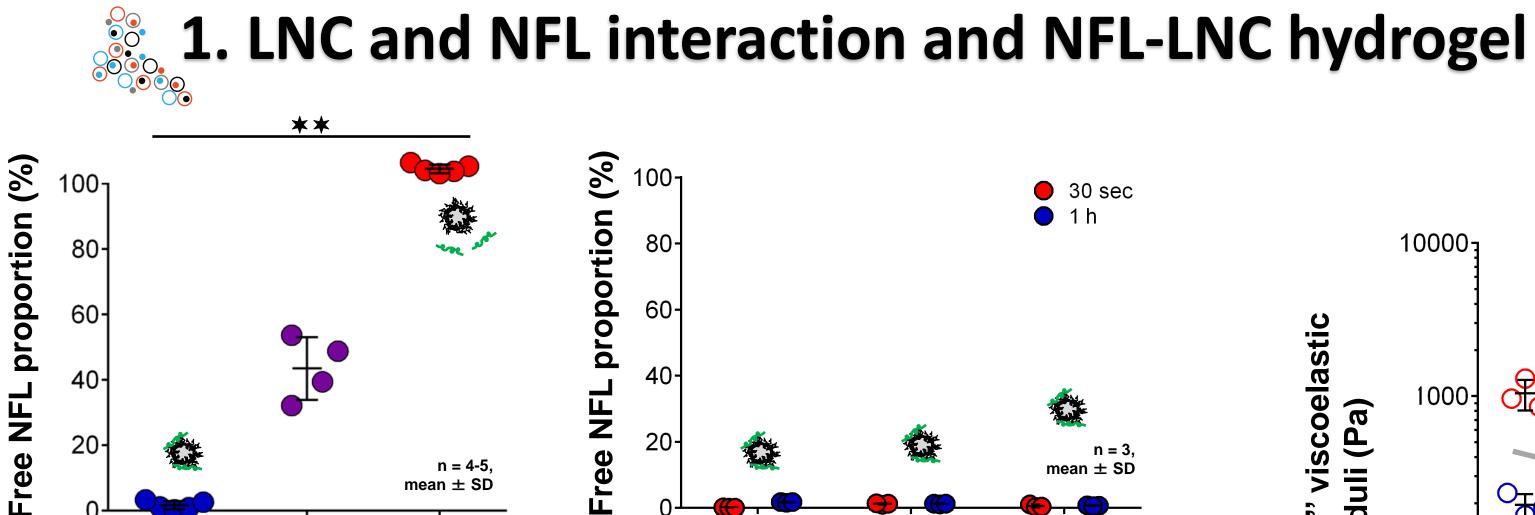
20



The standard of care for glioblastoma (GBM), a malignant brain tumors, consists in a tumor resection, followed by the Stupp protocol (chemotherapy and/or radiotherapy) 4 to 6 weeks later. This non-specific and non-curative protocol allowed a slight increase in the median survival, but without preventing tumor recurrences, leading to the death of the patients. One of the factors associated with the recurrences is the gap between surgery and Stupp protocol, but necessary for good tissue healing and recovery of the patient. The objective of this project is to develop an implantable therapeutic hydrogel which will bridge this gap to ensure continuity in treatment for the patients. A hydrogel of self-associated lipid nanocapsules (LNC), without polymer matrix, was designed and allowed the gradual release of gemcitabine (Gem-C12)-loaded LNC. Promising results have shown the therapeutic efficacy in vivo of this implant in murine GBM resection models [1-2]. However, the released LNCs were not specific to GBM cells. One of the



opportunities to improve the targeting is the use of NFL-TBS.40-63 (NFL) peptide, able to associate with LNC in suspension [3].



0,

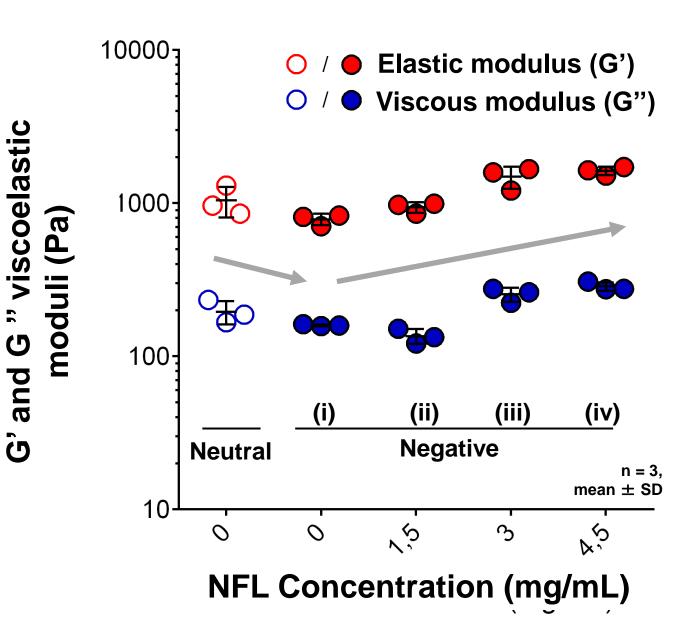
NFL Concentration (mg/mL)

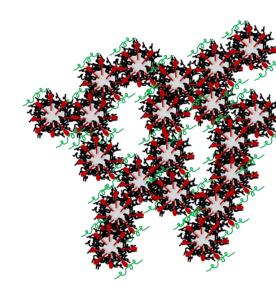
20

Free

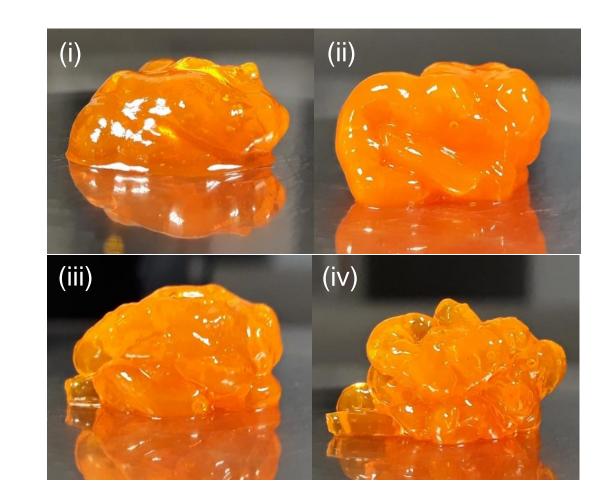
n = 4-5. mean \pm SD

LNC surface charge

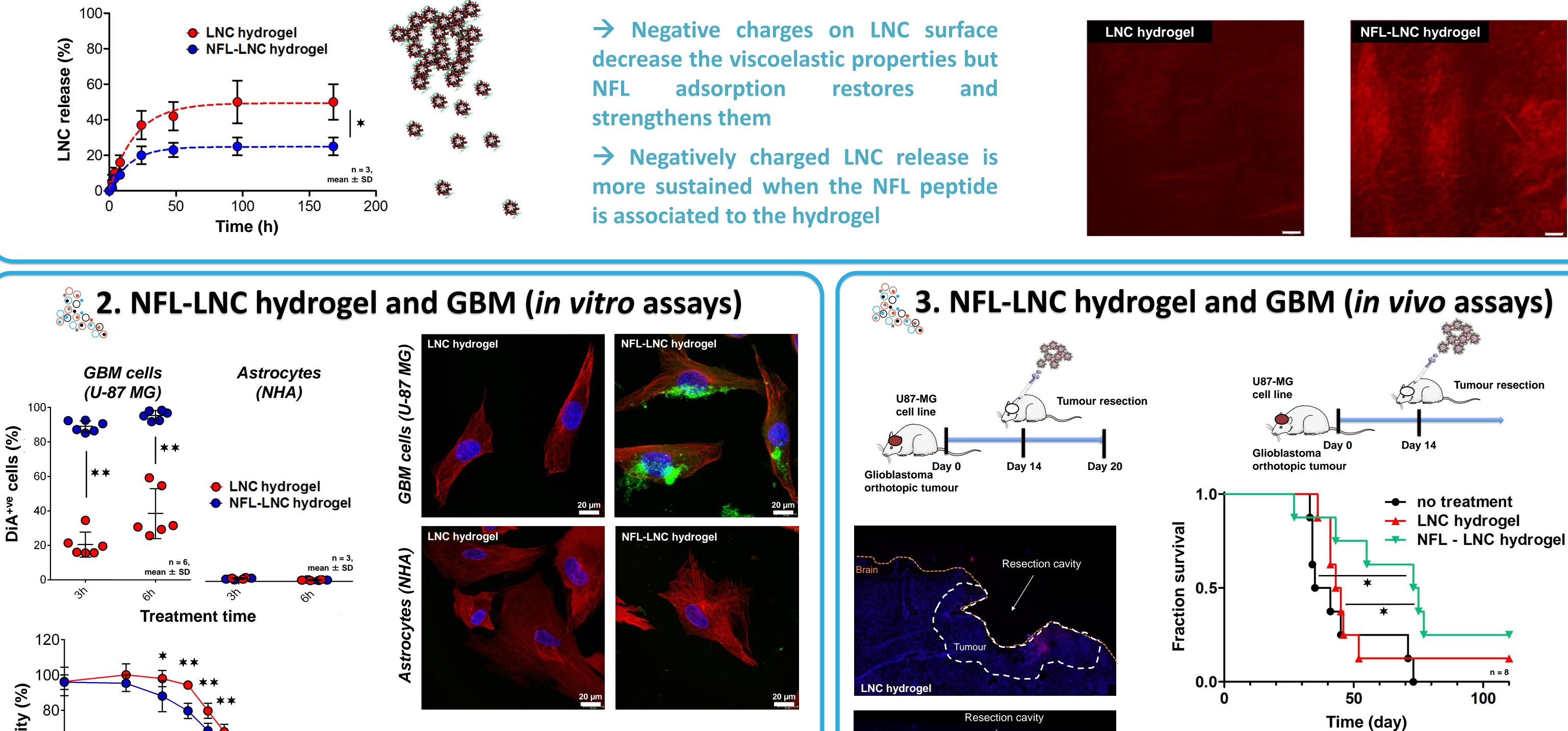


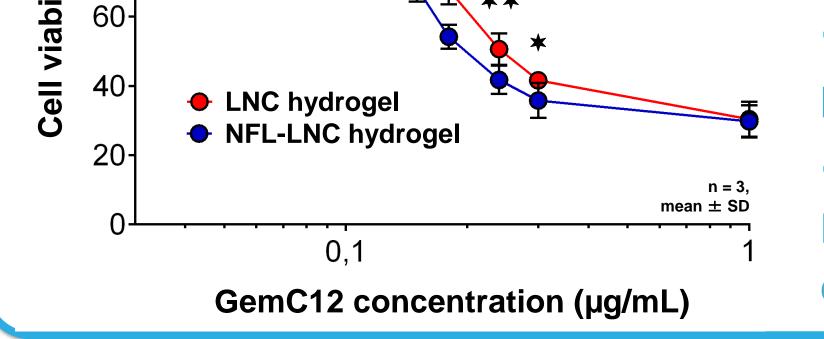


LNC auto-association leads to \rightarrow LNC hydrogel, using crosslinking modified agents based on gemcitabine or cytidine (GemC12 or CytC16, respectively) [4]



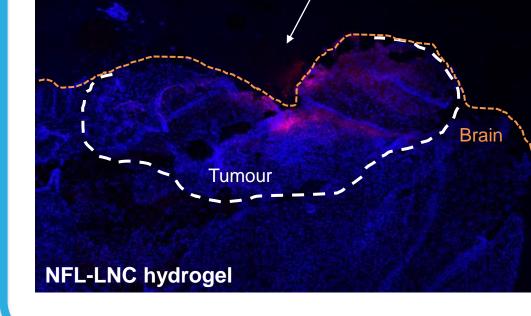
→ Negative surface charge of LNC leads to total and instant adsorption of NFL





 \rightarrow NFL-LNC from dissolved hydrogel preferentially targets GBM cells

→ Decrease of cell viability after NFL-LNC treatment compared to the LNC one, both from dissolved hydrogels



Stronger accumulation and deeper \rightarrow penetration of LNC into the tumour tissue with NFL

-> Targeting peptide combined with a local treatment increases the median survival



The LNC hydrogels were formulated with the NFL peptide: a GBM targeting peptide. It was totally and instantaneously adsorbed at the LNC surface, without modifying the hydrogel mechanical properties, and remained totally adsorbed after the hydrogel dissolution. In addition, in vitro studies on GBM cell lines showed a faster internalization of the LNC in the presence of NFL and a better cytotoxicity. Finally, in vivo studies in the murine GBM resection model proved the better specificity with the implants in which the NFL is adsorbed at the surface of the LNC.

References:

[1] Bastiancich C et al, J. Control. Release, 2016;225:283-293 [2] Bastiancich C et al, J. Control. Release, 2017;264:45-54 [3] Balzeau J et al, Biomaterials, 2017;34(13):3381-3389 [4] Pitorre M et al, Mater. Sci. Eng. C Mater. Biol. Appl., 2021;126:112188







