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# Low back pain occurrence and evolution in different work situations during Covid-19 epidemic lockdown

from 17 March to 10 May 2020, in metropolitan France

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#### CONTEXT



# Lockdown from March 17 to May 10, 2020 in France, set up to fight against the spread of the Covid-19 epidemic

→ Professional activity of French people and its organization changed: teleworking, cessation of activity, intensification or disruption of activities.

#### Work organization, managerial practices and psychosocial factors (ETUI report, Y. Roquelaure)

- → Key elements in understanding and preventing MSDs
- → Influence on the biomechanical, psychosocial and environmental characteristics of work situations

#### Low back pain (LBP)

- → Multifactorial disorder
- → The leading cause of years lived with disability in the world

#### AIM



Estimate the effects of the changes in the work organization due to the first mandatory lockdown on

- → Low back pain onset
- → Low back pain evolution

In the working population before lockdown, in metropolitan France

# MATERIAL AND METHODS: 3 WAVES OF COVIPREV SURVEY (10, 11, 12)



# CoviPrev: survey of behavior and mental health during the epidemic, conducted at regular intervals

- →Quota sampling on an access panel in the general population
- →Adjusted on the general population census 2016
- → Self-administered online questionnaire over 3 days during 3 waves of survey:
  - June 8-10, 2020 (V10), June 22-24, 2020 (V11) and July 6-8, 2020 (V12)
- →6,002 people aged 18 and over, including 3,224 workers
- → Variables collected retrospectively:
  - →2 questions about the work situation (work before lockdown and 6 work situations during lockdown)
  - →3 questions about LBP (pain before / after and evolution of pain)

### MATERIAL AND METHODS: STATISTICAL ANALYSIS



#### Weighted and adjusted analysis

- Adjustment variables:
  - Gender, age, type of living population centre (urban vs. rural or semi-rural setting), cramped or crowded housing, general health, body mass index, HAD scale: anxiety and depression

#### Among workers without LBP before lockdown, study of the LBP onset during lockdown:

- Association with the main work situation during lockdown
  - in univariate (Rao-Scott Chi-2)
  - by multivariate analysis using an adjusted binomial logistic regression ( $\alpha = 5\%$ )

# <u>Among workers with LBP before lockdown</u>, study of the LBP evolution (improvement / stability / worsening):

- Association with the main work situation during lockdown
  - in univariate (Rao-Scott Chi-2)
  - by an adjusted multinomial logistic regression ( $\alpha = 5\%$ )
    - → risks of improvement and worsening of LBP modeled in comparison to the LBP stability

# RESULTS: DESCRIPTION OF WORK SITUATIONS AND THE LBP ONSET



18%

25%

30%

11%

9% 7%

Distribution of work situations during lockdown among workers (n=3,224)

■ Work outside the home at the usual pace

New teleworking

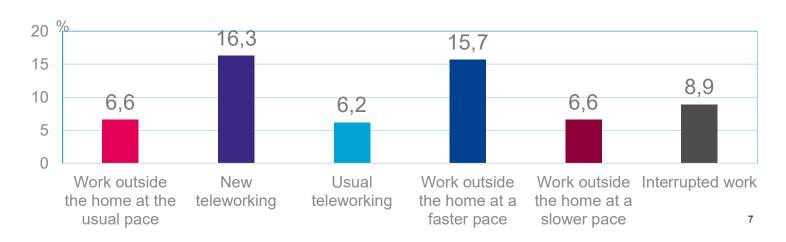
Usual teleworking

Work outside the home at a faster pace

■ Work outside the home at a slower pace

■ Interrupted work

Frequency of LBP onset (10.4%) according to the work situation during lockdown among workers without LBP before lockdown (n=2,113)



#### **RESULTS: WORK SITUATION AND LBP ONSET IN WORKERS**



#### Among workers without LBP at the lockdown beginning (n=2,113)

	Adjusted OR	95%CI
Work situation during the lockdown***  (réf. Work outside the home at the usual pace)		
New teleworking	2.81***	[1.77-4.46]
Usual teleworking	0.90	[0.43-1.87]
Work outside the home at a faster pace	2.76**	[1.50-5.09]
Work outside the home at a slower pace	1.05	[0.54-2.04]
Interrupted work	1.28	[0.78-2.10]

#### Binary multivariate logistic regression adjusted on :

- Survey wave,
- Gender,
- · Classes of age,
- Cramped or crowded housing\*\*,

- Poor general health,
- Overweight or obesity,
- Anxiety (probable or certain)\*\*\*,
- Depression (probable or certain).
- Type of living population centre (urban vs. rural or semi-rural setting),

\*\*\*: p<0.001; \*\*: p<0.01; \*: p<0.05; ns: non significant

# RESULTS: WORK SITUATION AND IMPROVEMENT OR WORSENING OF LBP



#### Among workers with LBP at the lockdown beginning (n=1,111)

	Improvement vs Stability (n=372)		<b>Worsening</b> <i>vs</i> Stability (n=138)		
	ORa	95%CI	ORa	95%CI	
Work situation during the lockdown *** (réf. Work outside the home at the usual pace)					
New teleworking	1.95**	[1.20-3.19]	4.74***	[2.12-10.57]	
Usual teleworking	1.86*	[1.00-3.43]	0.98	[0.31-3.11]	
Work outside the home at a faster pace	1.05	[0.56-1.98]	3.39**	[1.38-8.31]	
Work outside the home at a slower pace	1.55	[0.87-2.77]	2.54	[0.96-6.74]	
Interrupted work	3.95***	[2.48-6.30]	3.39**	[1.52-7.58]	

#### Multinomial multivariate logistic regression adjusted on :

- Survey wave,
- Gender,
- Classes of age\*,
- · Cramped or crowded housing,

- Poor general health\*\*\*,
- Overweight or obesity,
- Anxiety (probable or certain),
- Depression (probable or certain) \*.
- Type of living population centre (urban vs. rural or semi-rural setting)\*,

\*\*\*: p<0.001; \*\*: p<0.01; \*: p<0.05; ns: non significant – ORa: Adjusted OR

#### **DISCUSSION**



Frequency of LBP onset varying according to the work situation during the first mandatory lockdown

→ New elements added to the global burden of the Covid-19 epidemic

Associations observed between work situations and low back pain depending on:

- LBP onset
- LBP evolution
- → Need to implement interventions to reduce the negative impact of new work organizations and limit the impact of LBP and its consequences
- → Multidimensional ergonomic approaches (workstation layout, organization, etc.) involving the worker, management teams, etc.

Data update in June and July 2021 (after the third and last mandatory lockdown)

- LBP and work situation
- + specific questions about teleworking



# Thank you for your attention

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#### For more information (in French):

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